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In April 2015 Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the via the PSAA website (www.PSAA.co.uk).

The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment (updated September 2015)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature..

This report is made solely to the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Adur District Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Adur District Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Adur District Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without obtaining our written consent.





Executive summary

Overview of the audit

Scope and materiality

In our Audit Plan presented to the January 2017 Joint Governance Committee meeting, we gave you an overview of how we intended to carry out our responsibilities as your auditor. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan.

We planned our procedures using a materiality of £1.18m. We reassessed this using the actual year-end figures, which has reduced this amount to £1.08m. The threshold for reporting audit differences has reduced from £59k to £54k. The basis of our assessment of materiality has remained consistent with prior years at 2% of Gross Revenue Expenditure.

Status of the audit

We have substantially completed our audit of Adur District Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 and have performed the procedures outlined in our Audit Plan. Subject to satisfactory completion of the following outstanding items we expect to issue an unqualified opinion on the Authority's financial statements in the form which appears in Section 3. However until work is complete, further amendments may arise:

- Review of evidence in respect of a small number of audit procedures.
- Review of the Financial Instruments disclosure.
- Review of Related Party Transaction disclosures.
- Review of the final version of the financial statements.
- Completion of procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) regarding the Whole of Government Accounts submission.
- Receipt of the signed management representation letter.
- · Completion of subsequent events review.



Executive summary (continued)

Objections

Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 members of the public can, for a period of 30 working days, ask questions of the Authority and raise objections with external auditors.

We have not received any objections in 2016/17.

Audit differences

There are no unadjusted differences arising from our audit.

Two corrected differences have been identified, including:

- An adjustment to the Exit Packages disclosure, where the number of staff in each numerical banding was incorrect.
- We found that the treatment of the repayment for Right to Buy sale proceeds withheld towards the cost of new council dwellings had been incorrectly recorded. This led to an adjustment within the financial statements to remove the amount from Capital Grants Receipts in Advance and to therefore show a decrease in expenditure within the Housing Revenue Account of £568,000. This was adjusted in the final version of the accounts.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Authority. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We are in the process of completing those procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts submission and expect to have no issues to report.

We have no other matters to report.



Executive summary (continued)

Areas of audit focus

Our Audit Plan identified key areas of focus for our audit of the financial statements. This report sets out our observations and conclusions, including our views on areas which might be conservative, and where there is potential risk and exposure. We summarise our consideration of these matters, and any others identified, in the "Key Audit Issues" section of this report.

We ask you to review these and any other matters in this report to ensure:

- There are no other considerations or matters that could have an impact on these issues;
- · You agree with the resolution of the issue; and
- There are no other significant issues to be considered.

There are no matters, apart from those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Joint Governance Committee.

Value for money

We have considered your arrangements to take informed decisions, deploy resources in a sustainable manner and work with partners and other third parties. In our Audit Plan we identified a risk that the Authority will not be able to plan its finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.

We have no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.



Executive summary (continued)

Control observations

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements and which is unknown to you.

Independence

Please refer to Appendix B for our update on Independence. We have no independence issues to report.





Areas of Audit Focus

Audit issues and approach: Risk of management override of controls

Management Override of Control

What is the risk?

As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively.

For local authorities, the potential for the incorrect classification of revenue spend as capital is a particular area where there is a risk of management override.

We identify and respond to this

fraud risk on every audit

engagement.

What did we focus on?

We focused on aspects of the financial statements where management could override controls to benefit the yearend financial position, primarily:

- Journal entries.
- Material accounting estimates.
- Unusual transactions.

What did we do?

We:

- tested the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements;
- reviewed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias;
- evaluated the business rationale for significant unusual transactions; and
- reviewed capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment to ensure it meets the relevant accounting requirements to be capitalised.

What are our conclusions?

- We have not identified any inappropriate journal entries or adjustments made in the general ledger or the preparation of the financial statements.
- We have not identified any instances of management bias from our review of accounting estimates.
- We have not identified any significant unusual transactions for which there is not an appropriate business rationale.
- We have not identified any expenditure on property, plant and equipment which has been inappropriately capitalised.

Overall, our audit work did not identify any evidence of management override of control.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other audit issues arising



Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment represent a significant balance in the Authority's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges. Material judgemental inputs and estimation techniques are required to calculate the year-end fixed assets balances held in the balance sheet.

The Authority engages an external expert valuer who applies a number of complex assumptions. Annually, assets are assessed to identify whether there is any indication of impairment.

As the Authority's asset base is significant, and the outputs from the valuer are subject to estimation, there is a risk fixed assets may be under/overstated or the associated accounting entries incorrectly posted. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

This risk relates to assets that are revalued.

Our approach has focused on:

- Consideration of the work performed by the Authority's valuers, Wilks Head & Eve, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, professional capabilities and the results of their work:
- Review and sample testing over the key asset information used by Wilks Head & Eve in performing their valuation;
- Consideration of the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code. We have also considered if there are any specific changes to assets that have occurred and that these have been communicated to the valuer;
- Review of the desktop review and valuations performed by management's internal valuer over assets not subject to external valuation in 2016/17 to confirm that the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- Consideration of external evidence of asset values via reference to the specific Local Government Gerald Eve report commissioned by the NAO for auditor use. Specifically we have considered if this indicates any material variances to the asset valuations performed by Wilks Head & Eve and the desktop review by management;
- Considered changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation;
- · Considered whether asset categories held at cost have been assessed for impairment and are materially correct; and
- Testing that the accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements, including the treatment of impairments.

As a result of the testing above we did not identify any material issues.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other audit issues arising



Pension Valuations and Disclosures

The Code and IAS19 require the Authority to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) in which it is an admitted body.

The Authority's current pension fund deficit is a material and sensitive item and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet. At 31 March 2017 this totalled £34.962 million (£28.048 million at 31 March 2016).

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Authority by the actuary to the administering body.

Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

Our approach has focused on:

- Liaising with the audit team of the West Sussex Pension Fund, to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Adur District Council;
- Assessing the conclusions drawn on the work and assumptions used by Hymans Robertson (the Pension Fund actuary) by using and reviewing the work of the Consulting
 Actuary commissioned by Public Sector Auditor Appointments Ltd for all Local Government sector auditors (PwC); and
- Reviewing and testing the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Authority's financial statements in relation to IAS19.

At the time of writing this report we have concluded our work and note the Pension Fund are aware of no issues arising from this.

Assumptions used by the actuary and adopted by the Authority are considered to be generally acceptable.

No other issues have been identified in completing our work.





Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ADUR DISTRICT COUNCIL

Opinion on the Adur District Council's financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Adur District Council for the year ended 31 March 2017 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The financial statements comprise the:

- · Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and related notes
- Movement in Reserves Statement
- Balance Sheet
- Cash Flow Statement
- · Collection Fund Statement and the related notes
- Other Notes to the Financial Statements
- Expenditure and Funding Analysis and related notes

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.

This report is made solely to the members of Adur District Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority and the Authority's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Respective responsibilities of the Chief Financial Officer and auditor

As explained more fully in The Chief Financial Officer and Section 151 Officer's Responsibilities statement set out on page 19, the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Chief Financial Officer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in Statement of Accounts 2016/17 to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Adur District Council as at 31 March 2017 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Opinion on other matters

In our opinion, the information given in Statement of Accounts 2016/17 for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council;
- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- \cdot $\,$ we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Conclusion on Adur District Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) requires us to report to you our conclusion relating to proper arrangements.

We report if significant matters have come to our attention which prevent us from concluding that the Authority has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criterion issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in November 2016, as to whether Adur District Council had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people. The C&AG determined this criterion as that necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether Adur District Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2017.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, Adur District Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Conclusion

On the basis of our work, having regard to the guidance issued by the C&AG in November 2016, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, Adur District Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The following foot note should be added to the audit report when it is published or distributed electronically:

The maintenance and integrity of the Adur District Council web site is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the web site.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



Audit Differences

Audit differences

In any audit, we may identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as 'known' or 'judgemental'. Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted differences

We have not identified any uncorrected errors which exceed £54k relating to Adur District Council's 2016/17 financial statements.

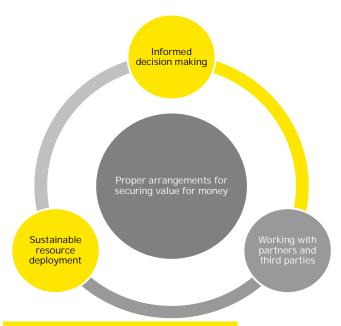
Two corrected differences over £54k have been identified, including:

- An adjustment to the Exit Packages disclosure, where the number of staff in each numerical banding was incorrect.
- We found that the treatment of the repayment for Right to Buy sale proceeds withheld towards the cost of new council dwellings had been incorrectly recorded.

 This led to an adjustment within the financial statements to remove the amount from Capital Grants Receipts in Advance and to therefore show a decrease in expenditure within the Housing Revenue Account of £568,000. This was adjusted in the final version of the accounts.



Value for Money



Economy, efficiency and effectiveness

We must consider whether you have 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

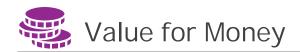
- take informed decisions;
- · deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- work with partners and other third parties.

In considering your proper arrangements, we use the CIPFA/SOLACE framework for local government to ensure that our assessment is made against an already existing mandatory framework which you use in documents such as your Annual Governance Statement.

Overall conclusion

We identified one significant risk around these arrangements. The tables below present our findings in response to the risk in our Audit and any other significant weaknesses or issues we want to bring to your attention.

These findings mean we expect to have no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.



VFM risks

We are only required to determine whether there is any risk that we consider significant within the Code of Audit Practice, where risk is defined as:

"A matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public"

Our risk assessment supports the planning of enough work to deliver a safe conclusion on your arrangements to secure value for money, and enables us to determine the nature and extent of any further work needed. If we do not identify a significant risk we do not need to carry out further work.

The table below presents the findings of our work in response to the risks areas in our Audit Plan.

What is the significant VFM risk?

What arrangements did this affect?

The Council will not be able to plan its finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.

The Council continues to face significant financial challenges over the coming years. Whilst we concluded last year that the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan was sound and we noted that plans were in place to deliver the 2016/17 budget, and your financial monitoring is suggesting a marginal overspend of £40 thousand compared to the forecast. We note the Council needs to deliver savings of £2.433 million for 2017/18. At 31 March 2016, the Council had £1.686 million of useable reserves. This includes your General Fund reserves, which at the end of the 2015/16 financial year, were just below the minimum level set by the Section 151 Officer. These reserves would not be sufficient to cover any shortfall in savings were they not to be achieved.

Deploying resources in a sustainable manner

What are our findings?

Reviewing the PSAA's value for money profile tools to assess Council spending against similar councils:

We reviewed the PSAA's value for money profile tools which compared the Council to its nearest statistical neighbours. This highlighted a number of areas where the Councils expenditure is significantly higher or lower than other similar councils. Many of those areas where the Council is reportedly higher spending result from the specific nature or arrangements at the authority, such as its size (which typically means higher cost per head, as one of the smallest authorities) or partnership working arrangements which result in low administration costs. Further, there are unique demographic and geographical influences on these factors. Spend on Housing Services per head is in the highest 20%, for example, while net spend on Housing Benefit administration is in the lowest 10%. Each of these specific areas are known to the Council and areas of specific focus. The fact these figures are higher than statistical neighbours does not suggest the Council doesn't have proper arrangements in place to achieve economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

Reviewing and assessing the assumptions within the 2016/17 budget and medium term financial plan:

The Authority's medium term forecast demonstrates a cumulative budget gap of around £1.579 million up to the end of 2019/20. The Authority recognises that reserves cannot, and should not, be used to bridge the base budget gap in the absence of longer term plans to make the necessary savings and we note from the Medium Term Financial Strategy that there is no planned future use of reserves to address budget gaps. The assumptions within these plans appear reasonable. At this point, having reviewed the 2016/17 outturn and the Medium Term Financial Strategy, we judge the Authority to be financially resilient for the foreseeable future, and that the measures taken during 2016/17 have been both robust and proportionate. It is important that the Authority continues its track record of delivering its planned budget and savings.



Other matters to bring to your attention

What are our findings (continued)?

Monitoring of savings needed in service budgets:

As noted above, delivery of previous saving requirements within service budgets proves the Council's ability to effectively monitor those saving requirements to ensure appropriate delivery. We note that in 2016/17, the Councils monitoring of savings was effective and resulted saving and additional income being identified of £1.034m. This meant the Council's outturn position was £81,000 surplus compared to budgeted expenditure for the period. We have confirmed that this monitoring process remains in place for 2017/18 and is appropriate to identify any deviation within the saving requirement.

We recognise that the challenge to the Council remains, and while there are no unidentified savings requirements in 2017/18, the budget book notes that further savings of £1,168m are required in 2018/19. The Authority's budget planning cycle for 2018/19 is not yet complete and therefore these savings are currently unidentified in detail. Based on previous experience of the Authority's budget process, whereby the savings required have been detailed in the budget book and through budget monitoring procedures down to service or activity level, we have concluded that the saving requirement will be appropriately identified and monitored. We are also able to take some assurance from the Authority's track record of delivering those savings they identify.





Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2016/17 with the audited financial statements.

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

Financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2016/17 and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements.

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and can confirm it is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

We are currently concluding our work in this area but do not expect to have any matters to report.



Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Authority, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. We did not identify any issues.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Adur District Council's financial reporting process. They include the following:

- Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- · Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management;
- Written representations we have requested;
- Expected modifications to the audit report;
- Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process;
- · Findings and issues around the opening balance on initial audits;
- · Related parties;
- External confirmations;
- · Going concern;
- · Consideration of laws and regulations; and
- · Group audits

We have no matters to report.



Other reporting issues

Assessment of Control Environment

Financial Controls

Under ISA (UK&I) 265 it is mandatory to communicate significant deficiencies in internal control in writing to any audit client.

It is the responsibility of the Council to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Council has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. We have only tested controls in so far as to support our audit opinion. We have therefore not tested the operation of controls in order to inform an opinion on the Councils internal control environment.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

Beyond those recommendations discussed elsewhere within this report, we have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements of which you are not aware.





Appendix A

Required communications with the Joint Governance Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Joint Governance Committee. We have done this by:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Joint Governance Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including any limitations.	Audit Plan -January 2017
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view of the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations we have requested Expected modifications to the audit report Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process 	Audit Results Report - September 2017
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	No conditions or events were identified, either individually or together to raise any doubt about Adur District Council's ability to continue for the 12 months from the date of our report.
Misstatements	 ▶ Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion ▶ The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods ▶ A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected ▶ Significant corrected misstatements, in writing 	Audit Results Report - September 2017



Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Fraud	 Asking the Joint Governance Committee whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Authority Unless all those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any fraud identified or information obtained indicating that a fraud may exist involving: (a) management; (b) employees with significant roles in internal control; or (c) others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. A discussion of any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Joint Governance Committee responsibility. 	We have asked management and those charged with governance about arrangements to prevent or detect fraud. We have not become aware of any fraud or illegal acts during our audit.
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Authority's related parties including, where applicable: ► Non-disclosure by management ► Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions ► Disagreement over disclosures ► Non-compliance with laws and/or regulations ► Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity	We have no matters to report.
Subsequent events	Where appropriate, asking the Joint Governance Committee whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements.	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have no matters to report.
Other information	Where material inconsistencies are identified in other information included in the document containing the financial statements, but management refuses to make the revision.	We have no matters to report.
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations We were unable to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	We have received all requested confirmations.



Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Consideration of laws and/or regulations	 Audit findings of non-compliance where it is material and believed to be intentional. This communication is subject to compliance with legislation on "tipping off" Asking the Joint Governance Committee about possible instances of non-compliance with laws and/or regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and known to the Joint Governance Committee. 	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have not identified any material instances or noncompliance with laws and regulations.
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	► Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	We have no matters to report.
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that have a bearing on EY's objectivity and independence. Communicating key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information on the firm's general policies and processes for maintaining objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity or independence and the appropriateness of safeguards,	Audit Plan - January 2017 Audit Results Report - September 2017
Fee Reporting	Breakdown of fee information when the audit plan is agreed. Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit. Any non-audit work.	Audit Plan - January 2017 Audit Results Report - September 2017
Certification work	Summary of certification work	Certification Report - Expected January 2018



Appendix B

Independence



We confirm that there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our audit planning board report dated January 2017.

We complied with the APB Ethical Standards and the requirements of the PSAA's Terms of Appointment. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter which you should review, as well as us. It is important that you and your Joint Governance Committee consider the facts known to you and come to a view. If you would like to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do this at the meeting of the Joint Governance Committee on 26 September 2017.

As part of our reporting on our independence, we set out below a summary of the fees paid for the year ended 31 March 2017.

We confirm that we have not undertaken non-audit work outside the PSAA Code requirements.

Description	Final Fee 2016/17 £	Planned Fee 2016/17 £	Scale Fee 2016/17 £	Final Fee 2015/16 £
Opinion Audit & VFM Conclusion	48,122	48,122	48,122	48,122
Total Fee - Code Work	48,122	48,122	48,122	48,122
Certification of Claims and Returns	12,230	12,230	12,230	12,230
Non-audit work	0	0	0	0



Appendix C

Outstanding matters

The following items are outstanding at the date of this report:

Item	Actions to resolve	Responsibility
Review of evidence in respect of a small number of audit procedures.	EY to review the documentation provided by the Council and follow-up as required.	EY
Review of the Financial Instrument disclosure.	EY to review the working paper relating to financial instruments to ensure materially correct.	EY
Review of Related Party Transaction disclosures.	EY to review the working paper and supporting evidence regarding Related Party Transactions.	EY
Review of final version of financial statements.	EY to review once confirmed no further audit amendments are to be made.	EY
Completion of Whole of Government Accounts procedures.	EY to complete.	EY
Management representation letter	Receipt of signed management representation letter.	Management
Subsequent events review	Completion of subsequent events procedures to the date of signing the audit report	EY and management



Appendix D

Accounting and regulatory update

Accounting update

Since the date of our last report to the Joint Governance Committee, new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued. The following table provides a high level summary of those that have the potential to have the most significant impact on you:

Name	Summary of key measures	Impact on Adur District Council
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	 Applicable for local authority accounts from the 2018/19 financial year and will change: How financial assets are classified and measured How the impairment of financial assets are calculated Financial hedge accounting The disclosure requirements for financial assets. Transitional arrangements are included within the accounting standard, however as the 2018/19 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be and whether any accounting statutory overrides will be introduced to mitigate any impact. 	Although some initial thoughts on the approach to adopting IFRS 9 have been issued by CIPFA, until the Code is issued and any statutory overrides are confirmed there remains some uncertainty. However, what is clear is that the Council will have to: Reclassify existing financial instrument assets Remeasure and recalculate potential impairments of those assets; and Prepare additional disclosure notes for material items
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	 Applicable for local authority accounts from the 2018/19 financial year. This new standard deals with accounting for all contracts with customers except: Leases; Financial instruments; Insurance contracts; and for local authorities; Council Tax and NDR income. The key requirements of the standard cover the identification of performance obligations under customer contracts and the linking of income to the meeting of those performance obligations. There are transitional arrangements within the standard; however as the 2018/19 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be. 	As with IFRS 9, some initial thoughts on the approach to adopting IFRS 15 have been issued by CIPFA. However, until the Code is issued there remains some uncertainty. However, what is clear is that for all material income sources from customers the Council will have to: • Disaggregate revenue into appropriate categories • Identify relevant performance obligations and allocate income to each • Summarise significant judgements



Appendix D

IFRS 16 Leases	IFRS 16 will be applicable for local authority accounts from the 2019/20 financial year.	Until the 2019/20 Accounting Code is issued and any statutory overrides are confirmed there
	Whilst the definition of a lease remains similar to the current leasing standard; IAS 17, for local authorities who lease in a large number of assets the new standard will have a	remains some uncertainty in this area.
	significant impact, with nearly all current leases being included on the balance sheet.	However, what is clear is that the Council will need to undertake a detailed exercise to classify all of its
	There are transitional arrangements within the standard, although as the 2019/20 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be or whether any statutory overrides will be introduced.	leases and therefore must ensure that all lease arrangements are fully documented.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

[To be prepared on the entity's letterhead]

[Date]

Ernst & Young Wessex House, 19 Threefield Lane, Southampton SO14 3QB

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Adur District Council ("the Council") for the year ended 31 March 2017. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Council financial position of Adur District Council as of 31 March 2017 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash flows of the Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17. We have approved the financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

B. Fraud

- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 2. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 3. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Council's internal controls over financial reporting. In addition, we have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving other employees in which the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. We have no knowledge of any allegations of financial improprieties, including fraud or suspected fraud, (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers") which could result in a misstatement of the financial statements or otherwise affect the financial reporting of the Council.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

- C. Compliance with Laws and Regulations
- 1. We have disclosed to you all identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- D. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council and committees held through the period to the most recent meeting on the following date: 26 September 2017.
- 4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the period end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 5. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- E. Liabilities and Contingencies
- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.

F. Subsequent Events

1. There have been no events subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

G. Other information

- 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information.
- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

H. Use of the Work of a Specialist

1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

I. Retirement benefits

1. On the basis of the process established by us and having made appropriate enquiries, we are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities are consistent with our knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.

To be signed by the Chief Financial Officer and the Chairman of the Joint Governance Committee.

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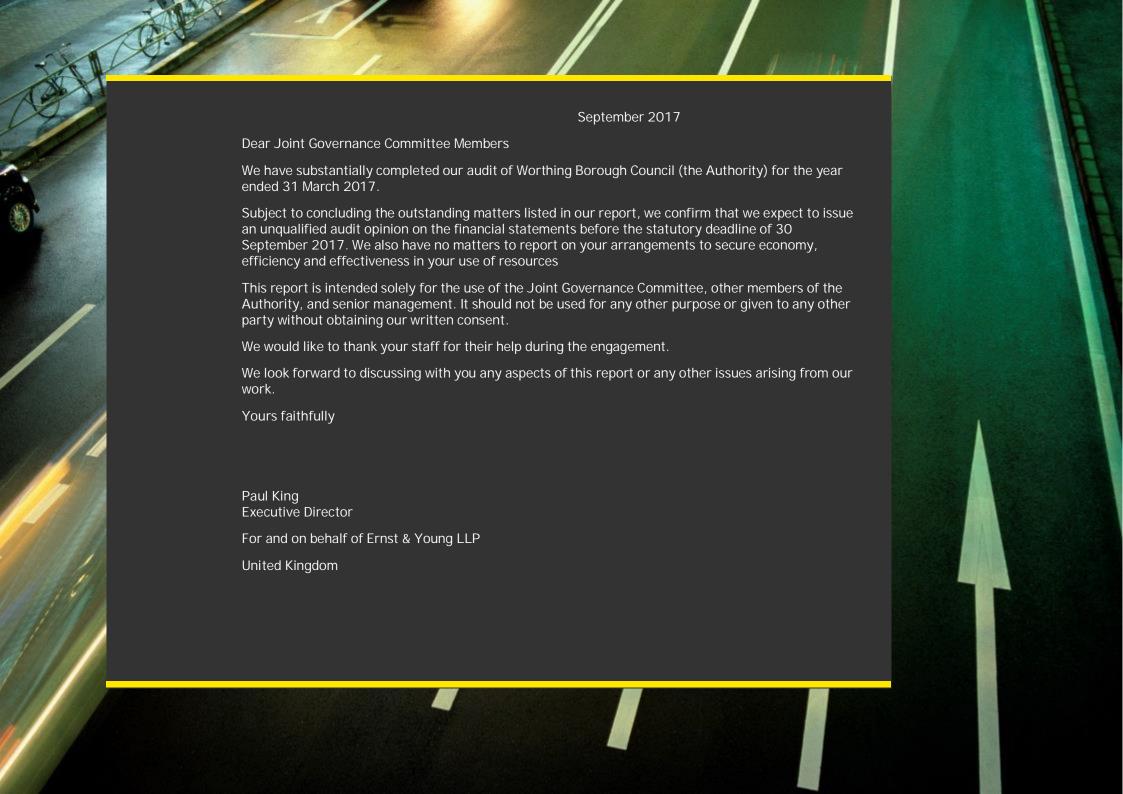
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ED None

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- 05 Value for Money
- 06 Other Reporting Issues
- 07 Appendices

In April 2015 Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the via the PSAA website (www.PSAA.co.uk).

The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment (updated September 2015)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature..

This report is made solely to the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Worthing Borough Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Worthing Borough Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Joint Governance Committee, other members of the Authority and management of Worthing Borough Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without obtaining our written consent.





Executive summary

Overview of the audit

Scope and materiality

In our Audit Plan presented to the January 2017 Joint Governance Committee meeting, we gave you an overview of how we intended to carry out our responsibilities as your auditor. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan.

We planned our procedures using a materiality of £1.355m. We reassessed this using the actual year-end figures, which has reduced this amount to £1.228m. The threshold for reporting audit differences has reduced from £68k to £61km. The basis of our assessment of materiality has remained consistent with prior years at 2% of Gross Revenue Expenditure.

Status of the audit

We have substantially completed our audit of Worthing Borough Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 and have performed the procedures outlined in our Audit Plan. Subject to satisfactory completion of the following outstanding items we expect to issue an unqualified opinion on the Authority's financial statements in the form which appears in Section 3. However until work is complete, further amendments may arise:

- Review of evidence in respect of a small number of audit procedures.
- Review of the Financial Instruments disclosure.
- Review of Related Party Transaction disclosures.
- Review of the final version of the financial statements.
- Completion of procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) regarding the Whole of Government Accounts submission.
- Receipt of the signed management representation letter.
- · Completion of subsequent events review.



Executive summary (continued)

Objections

Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 members of the public can, for a period of 30 working days, ask questions of the Authority and raise objections with external auditors.

We have not received any objections in 2016/17.

Audit differences

There are no unadjusted differences arising from our audit.

A small number of corrected disclosure points were identified. These have been corrected and including an adjustment to the Officer Remuneration disclosure, which incorrectly included an officer who wholly worked on Adur District Council.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Authority. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We are in the process of completing those procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts submission and expect to have no issues to report.

We have no other matters to report.



Executive summary (continued)

Areas of audit focus

Our Audit Plan identified key areas of focus for our audit of the financial statements. This report sets out our observations and conclusions, including our views on areas which might be conservative, and where there is potential risk and exposure. We summarise our consideration of these matters, and any others identified, in the "Key Audit Issues" section of this report.

We ask you to review these and any other matters in this report to ensure:

- There are no other considerations or matters that could have an impact on these issues;
- · You agree with the resolution of the issue; and
- There are no other significant issues to be considered.

There are no matters, apart from those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Joint Governance Committee.

Value for money

We have considered your arrangements to take informed decisions, deploy resources in a sustainable manner and work with partners and other third parties. In our Audit Plan we identified a risk that the Authority will not be able to plan its finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.

We have no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.



Executive summary (continued)

Control observations

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements and which is unknown to you.

Independence

Please refer to Appendix B for our update on Independence. We have no independence issues to report.





Areas of Audit Focus

Audit issues and approach: Risk of management override of controls

Management Override of Control

What is the risk?

As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively.

For local authorities, the potential for the incorrect classification of revenue spend as capital is a particular area where there is a risk of management override.

We identify and respond to this

fraud risk on every audit

engagement.

What did we focus on?

We focused on aspects of the financial statements where management could override controls to benefit the yearend financial position, primarily:

- Journal entries.
- Material accounting estimates.
- Unusual transactions.

What did we do?

We:

- tested the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements;
- reviewed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias;
- evaluated the business rationale for significant unusual transactions; and
- reviewed capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment to ensure it meets the relevant accounting requirements to be capitalised.

What are our conclusions?

- We have not identified any inappropriate journal entries or adjustments made in the general ledger or the preparation of the financial statements.
- We have not identified any instances of management bias from our review of accounting estimates.
- We have not identified any significant unusual transactions for which there is not an appropriate business rationale.
- We have not identified any expenditure on property, plant and equipment which has been inappropriately capitalised.

Overall, our audit work did not identify any evidence of management override of control.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other audit issues arising



Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment represent a significant balance in the Authority's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges. Material judgemental inputs and estimation techniques are required to calculate the year-end fixed assets balances held in the balance sheet.

The Authority engages an external expert valuer who applies a number of complex assumptions. Annually, assets are assessed to identify whether there is any indication of impairment.

As the Authority's asset base is significant, and the outputs from the valuer are subject to estimation, there is a risk fixed assets may be under/overstated or the associated accounting entries incorrectly posted. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

This risk relates to assets that are revalued.

Our approach has focused on:

- Consideration of the work performed by the Authority's valuers, Wilks Head & Eve, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, professional capabilities and the results of their work:
- Review and sample testing over the key asset information used by Wilks Head & Eve in performing their valuation;
- Consideration of the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code. We have also considered if there are any specific changes to assets that have occurred and that these have been communicated to the valuer;
- Review of the desktop review and valuations performed by management's internal valuer over assets not subject to external valuation in 2016/17 to confirm that the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- Consideration of external evidence of asset values via reference to the specific Local Government Gerald Eve report commissioned by the NAO for auditor use. Specifically we have considered if this indicates any material variances to the asset valuations performed by Wilks Head & Eve and the desktop review by management;
- Considered changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation;
- · Considered whether asset categories held at cost have been assessed for impairment and are materially correct; and
- Testing that the accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements, including the treatment of impairments.

As a result of the testing above we did not identify any material issues.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other audit issues arising



Pension Valuations and Disclosures

The Code and IAS19 require the Authority to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) in which it is an admitted body.

The Authority's current pension fund deficit is a material and sensitive item and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Authority's balance sheet. At 31 March 2017 this totalled £39.979 million (£36.361 million at 31 March 2016).

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Authority by the actuary to the administering body.

Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

Our approach has focused on:

- Liaising with the audit team of the West Sussex Pension Fund, to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Worthing Borough Council;
- Assessing the conclusions drawn on the work and assumptions used by Hymans Robertson (the Pension Fund actuary) by using and reviewing the work of the Consulting
 Actuary commissioned by Public Sector Auditor Appointments Ltd for all Local Government sector auditors (PwC); and
- Reviewing and testing the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Authority's financial statements in relation to IAS19.

At the time of writing this report we have concluded our work and note the Pension Fund are aware of no issues arising from this.

Assumptions used by the actuary and adopted by the Authority are considered to be generally acceptable.

No other issues have been identified in completing our work.





Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WORTHING BOROUGH COUNCIL

Opinion on the Worthing Borough Council's financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Worthing Borough Council for the year ended 31 March 2017 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The financial statements comprise the:

- · Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and related notes
- Movement in Reserves Statement
- Balance Sheet
- Cash Flow Statement
- · Collection Fund Statement and the related notes
- Other Notes to the Financial Statements
- Expenditure and Funding Analysis and related notes

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.

This report is made solely to the members of Worthing Borough Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority and the Authority's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Respective responsibilities of the Chief Financial Officer and auditor

As explained more fully in The Chief Financial Officer and Section 151 Officer's Responsibilities statement set out on page 19, the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Chief Financial Officer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in Statement of Accounts 2016/17 to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Worthing Borough Council as at 31 March 2017 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Opinion on other matters

In our opinion, the information given in Statement of Accounts 2016/17 for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council;
- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Conclusion on Worthing Borough Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) requires us to report to you our conclusion relating to proper arrangements.

We report if significant matters have come to our attention which prevent us from concluding that the Authority has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.



Draft audit report (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criterion issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in November 2016, as to whether Worthing Borough Council had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people. The C&AG determined this criterion as that necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether Worthing Borough Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2017.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, Worthing Borough Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Conclusion

On the basis of our work, having regard to the guidance issued by the C&AG in November 2016, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, Worthing Borough Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The following foot note should be added to the audit report when it is published or distributed electronically:

The maintenance and integrity of the Worthing Borough Council web site is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the web site.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



Audit Differences

Audit differences

In any audit, we may identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as 'known' or 'judgemental'. Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

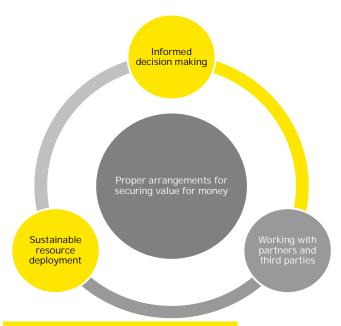
Summary of adjusted differences

We have not identified any uncorrected errors which exceed £61k relating to Worthing Borough Council's 2016/17 financial statements.

A small number of corrected disclosure points were identified. These have been corrected and including an adjustment to the Officer Remuneration disclosure, which incorrectly included an officer who wholly worked on Adur District Council.



Value for Money



Economy, efficiency and effectiveness

We must consider whether you have 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

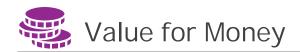
- take informed decisions;
- · deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- work with partners and other third parties.

In considering your proper arrangements, we use the CIPFA/SOLACE framework for local government to ensure that our assessment is made against an already existing mandatory framework which you use in documents such as your Annual Governance Statement.

Overall conclusion

We identified one significant risk around these arrangements. The tables below present our findings in response to the risk in our Audit and any other significant weaknesses or issues we want to bring to your attention.

These findings mean we expect to have no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.



VFM risks

We are only required to determine whether there is any risk that we consider significant within the Code of Audit Practice, where risk is defined as:

"A matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public"

Our risk assessment supports the planning of enough work to deliver a safe conclusion on your arrangements to secure value for money, and enables us to determine the nature and extent of any further work needed. If we do not identify a significant risk we do not need to carry out further work.

The table below presents the findings of our work in response to the risks areas in our Audit Plan.

What is the significant VFM risk?

What arrangements did this affect?

The Council will not be able to plan its finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.

The Council continues to faces significant financial management challenges over the coming years. While we concluded last year that the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan was sound and we noted that plans are in place to deliver the 2016/17 budget, and your financial monitoring is suggesting an underspend of £298 thousand compared to the forecast. We note the Council is required to deliver savings of £2.380m for 2017/18. At 31 March 2016, the Council had £3.024m of useable reserves. This includes your General Fund reserves, which are just above the minimum level set by the Section 151 Officer. While this is sufficient to cover the budget gap for 2017/18 should these savings not be made, it does not represent a longer term solution.

Deploying resources in a sustainable manner

What are our findings?

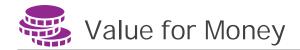
Reviewing the PSAA's value for money profile tools to assess Council spending against similar councils:

We reviewed the PSAA's value for money profile tools which compared the Council to its nearest statistical neighbours. This highlighted a number of areas where the Councils expenditure is significantly higher or lower than other similar councils. Many of those areas where the Council is reportedly higher spending result from the unique demographic of the population within the Council's boundary. Planned spend on Adult Social Care, for example, is within the highest 5% of statistically similar authorities. Each of these specific areas are known to the Council and areas of specific focus. The fact these figures are higher than statistical neighbours does not suggest the Council doesn't have proper arrangements in place to achieve economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

Reviewing and assessing the assumptions within the 2016/17 budget and medium term financial plan:

The Authority's medium term forecast demonstrates a cumulative budget gap of around £2.674 million up to the end of 2019/20. The Authority recognises that reserves cannot, and should not, be used to bridge the base budget gap in the absence of longer term plans to make the necessary savings and we note from the Medium Term Financial Strategy that there is no planned future use of reserves to address budget gaps. The assumptions within these plans appear reasonable.

At this point, having reviewed the 2016/17 outturn and the Medium Term Financial Strategy, we judge the Authority to be financially resilient for the foreseeable future, and that the measures taken during 2016/17 have been both robust and proportionate. It is important that the Authority continues its track record of delivering its planned budget and savings.



Other matters to bring to your attention

What are our findings (continued)?

Monitoring of savings needed in service budgets:

As noted above, delivery of previous saving requirements within service budgets proves the Authority's ability to effectively monitor those saving requirements to ensure appropriate delivery. We note that in 2016/17, the Authority's monitoring of savings was effective and resulted saving and additional income being identified of £1.169m. This meant the Authority's outturn position was £854,000 surplus compared to budgeted expenditure for the period. We have confirmed that this monitoring process remains in place for 2017/18 and is appropriate to identify any deviation within the saving requirement.

We recognise that the challenge to the Authority remains, and while there are no unidentified savings requirements in 2017/18, the budget book notes that further savings of £1,782m are required in 2018/19. The Authority's budget planning cycle for 2018/19 is not yet complete and therefore these savings are currently unidentified in detail. Based on previous experience of the Authority's budget process, whereby the savings required have been detailed in the budget book and through budget monitoring procedures down to service or activity level, we have concluded that the saving requirement will be appropriately identified and monitored. We are also able to take some assurance from the Authority's track record of delivering those savings they identify.





Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2016/17 with the audited financial statements.

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

Financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2016/17 and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements.

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and can confirm it is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

We are currently concluding our work in this area but do not expect to have any matters to report.



Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Authority, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. We did not identify any issues.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Worthing Borough Council's financial reporting process. They include the following:

- Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- · Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management;
- Written representations we have requested;
- Expected modifications to the audit report;
- Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process;
- · Findings and issues around the opening balance on initial audits;
- · Related parties;
- External confirmations;
- · Going concern;
- · Consideration of laws and regulations; and
- · Group audits

We have no matters to report.



Other reporting issues

Assessment of Control Environment

Financial Controls

Under ISA (UK&I) 265 it is mandatory to communicate significant deficiencies in internal control in writing to any audit client.

It is the responsibility of the Council to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Council has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. We have only tested controls in so far as to support our audit opinion. We have therefore not tested the operation of controls in order to inform an opinion on the Councils internal control environment.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

Beyond those recommendations discussed elsewhere within this report, we have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements of which you are not aware.





Appendix A

Required communications with the Joint Governance Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Joint Governance Committee. We have done this by:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Joint Governance Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including any limitations.	Audit Plan -January 2017
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view of the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations we have requested Expected modifications to the audit report Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process 	Audit Results Report - September 2017
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	No conditions or events were identified, either individually or together to raise any doubt about Worthing Borough Council's ability to continue for the 12 months from the date of our report.
Misstatements	 ▶ Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion ▶ The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods ▶ A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected ▶ Significant corrected misstatements, in writing 	Audit Results Report - September 2017



Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Fraud	 Asking the Joint Governance Committee whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Authority Unless all those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any fraud identified or information obtained indicating that a fraud may exist involving: (a) management; (b) employees with significant roles in internal control; or (c) others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. A discussion of any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Joint Governance Committee responsibility. 	We have asked management and those charged with governance about arrangements to prevent or detect fraud. We have not become aware of any fraud or illegal acts during our audit.
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Authority's related parties including, where applicable: ► Non-disclosure by management ► Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions ► Disagreement over disclosures ► Non-compliance with laws and/or regulations ► Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity	We have no matters to report.
Subsequent events	Where appropriate, asking the Joint Governance Committee whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements.	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have no matters to report.
Other information	Where material inconsistencies are identified in other information included in the document containing the financial statements, but management refuses to make the revision.	We have no matters to report.
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations We were unable to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	We have received all requested confirmations.



Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Consideration of laws and/or regulations	 Audit findings of non-compliance where it is material and believed to be intentional. This communication is subject to compliance with legislation on "tipping off" Asking the Joint Governance Committee about possible instances of non-compliance with laws and/or regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and known to the Joint Governance Committee. 	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have not identified any material instances or noncompliance with laws and regulations.
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	► Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	We have no matters to report.
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that have a bearing on EY's objectivity and independence. Communicating key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information on the firm's general policies and processes for maintaining objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity or independence and the appropriateness of safeguards,	Audit Plan - January 2017 Audit Results Report - September 2017
Fee Reporting	Breakdown of fee information when the audit plan is agreed. Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit. Any non-audit work.	Audit Plan - January 2017 Audit Results Report - September 2017
Certification work	Summary of certification work	Certification Report - Expected January 2018



Appendix B

Independence



We confirm that there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our audit planning board report dated January 2017.

We complied with the APB Ethical Standards and the requirements of the PSAA's Terms of Appointment. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter which you should review, as well as us. It is important that you and your Joint Governance Committee consider the facts known to you and come to a view. If you would like to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do this at the meeting of the Joint Governance Committee on 26 September 2017.

As part of our reporting on our independence, we set out below a summary of the fees paid for the year ended 31 March 2017.

We confirm that we have not undertaken non-audit work outside the PSAA Code requirements.

Description	Final Fee 2016/17 £	Planned Fee 2016/17 £	Scale Fee 2016/17 £	Final Fee 2015/16 £
Opinion Audit & VFM Conclusion	47,157	47,157	47,157	47,157
Total Fee - Code Work	47,157	47,157	47,157	47,157
Certification of Claims and Returns	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184
Non-audit work	0	0	0	0



Appendix C

Outstanding matters

The following items are outstanding at the date of this report:

Item	Actions to resolve	Responsibility
Review of evidence in respect of a small number of audit procedures.	EY to review the documentation provided by the Council and follow-up as required.	EY
Review of the Financial Instrument disclosure.	EY to review the working paper relating to financial instruments to ensure materially correct.	EY
Review of Related Party Transaction disclosures.	EY to review the working paper and supporting evidence regarding Related Party Transactions.	EY
Review of final version of financial statements.	EY to review once confirmed no further audit amendments are to be made.	EY
Completion of Whole of Government Accounts procedures.	EY to complete.	EY
Management representation letter	Receipt of signed management representation letter.	Management
Subsequent events review	Completion of subsequent events procedures to the date of signing the audit report	EY and management



Appendix D

Accounting and regulatory update

Accounting update

Since the date of our last report to the Joint Governance Committee, new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued. The following table provides a high level summary of those that have the potential to have the most significant impact on you:

Name	Summary of key measures	Impact on Worthing Borough Council
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	 Applicable for local authority accounts from the 2018/19 financial year and will change: How financial assets are classified and measured How the impairment of financial assets are calculated Financial hedge accounting The disclosure requirements for financial assets. Transitional arrangements are included within the accounting standard, however as the 2018/19 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be and whether any accounting statutory overrides will be introduced to mitigate any impact. 	Although some initial thoughts on the approach to adopting IFRS 9 have been issued by CIPFA, until the Code is issued and any statutory overrides are confirmed there remains some uncertainty. However, what is clear is that the Council will have to: Reclassify existing financial instrument assets Remeasure and recalculate potential impairments of those assets; and Prepare additional disclosure notes for material items
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	 Applicable for local authority accounts from the 2018/19 financial year. This new standard deals with accounting for all contracts with customers except: Leases; Financial instruments; Insurance contracts; and for local authorities; Council Tax and NDR income. The key requirements of the standard cover the identification of performance obligations under customer contracts and the linking of income to the meeting of those performance obligations. There are transitional arrangements within the standard; however as the 2018/19 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be. 	As with IFRS 9, some initial thoughts on the approach to adopting IFRS 15 have been issued by CIPFA. However, until the Code is issued there remains some uncertainty. However, what is clear is that for all material income sources from customers the Council will have to: • Disaggregate revenue into appropriate categories • Identify relevant performance obligations and allocate income to each • Summarise significant judgements



Appendix D

IFRS 16 Leases	IFRS 16 will be applicable for local authority accounts from the 2019/20 financial year.	Until the 2019/20 Accounting Code is issued and any statutory overrides are confirmed there
	Whilst the definition of a lease remains similar to the current leasing standard; IAS 17, for local authorities who lease in a large number of assets the new standard will have a	remains some uncertainty in this area.
	significant impact, with nearly all current leases being included on the balance sheet.	However, what is clear is that the Council will need to undertake a detailed exercise to classify all of its
	There are transitional arrangements within the standard, although as the 2019/20 Accounting Code of Practice for Local Authorities has yet to be issued it is unclear what the impact on local authority accounting will be or whether any statutory overrides will be introduced.	leases and therefore must ensure that all lease arrangements are fully documented.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

[To be prepared on the entity's letterhead]

[Date]

Ernst & Young Wessex House, 19 Threefield Lane, Southampton SO14 3QB

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Worthing Borough Council ("the Council") for the year ended 31 March 2017. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Council financial position of Worthing Borough Council as of 31 March 2017 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17.
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash flows of the Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17. We have approved the financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

B. Fraud

- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 2. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 3. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Council's internal controls over financial reporting. In addition, we have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud involving other employees in which the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. We have no knowledge of any allegations of financial improprieties, including fraud or suspected fraud, (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers") which could result in a misstatement of the financial statements or otherwise affect the financial reporting of the Council.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

- C. Compliance with Laws and Regulations
- 1. We have disclosed to you all identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- D. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council and committees held through the period to the most recent meeting on the following date: 26 September 2017.
- 4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the period end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 5. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- E. Liabilities and Contingencies
- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.



Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.

F. Subsequent Events

1. There have been no events subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

G. Other information

- 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information.
- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

H. Use of the Work of a Specialist

1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

I. Retirement benefits

1. On the basis of the process established by us and having made appropriate enquiries, we are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities are consistent with our knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.

To be signed by the Chief Financial Officer and the Chairman of the Joint Governance Committee.

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